

JABATAN PERKHIDMATAN VETERINAR

LAPORAN LIPUTAN MEDIA

Selasa, 23 Mei 2023

**DISEDIAKAN OLEH :
UNIT KOMUNIKASI KORPORAT,
JABATAN PERKHIDMATAN VETERINAR**

Peniaga diminta jujur, dengan tipu gred telur omega

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT
Kosmo	Negara	16

Peniaga diminta jujur, jangan tipu gred telur omega

JOHOR BAHRU – Peniaga yang menjual produk telur disaran untuk berniaga dengan jujur berhubung penjualan telur ayam mengikut gred sebenar dan tidak mengambil kesempatan mengambil keuntungan dengan mengelirukan pengguna.

Pengerusi Jawatankuasa Pelaburan, Perdagangan dan Hal Ehwal Pengguna Johor, Lee Ting Han berkata, hal itu kerana gred telur dan juga telur omega sukar dibezakan secara pandangan mata kasar.

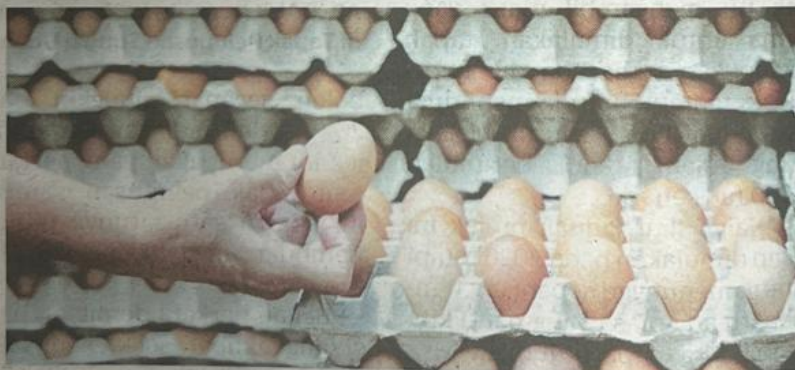
Bagaimanapun, katanya, Kementerian Perdagangan Dalam Negeri dan Kos Sara Hidup (KPDN) Johor masih belum menerima sebarang aduan berhubung penjualan telur ayam segar mengikut harga gred lain

atau harga telur omega, setakat ini.

“Sukar membezakan telur ayam segar dan telur ayam omega kerana mempunyai warna dan gred yang hampir sama. Telur ayam omega juga mempunyai gred A, B dan C tetapi harganya lebih mahal berbanding telur ayam segar yang harganya dikawal kerajaan.

“Telur ini hanya dapat dibezakan menerusi warna kuning telur yang lebih pekat. Dari segi luaran ia hampir sama. Selain pek 10 biji dan 15 biji, telur omega juga mempunyai pek 30 biji sepapan.

“Oleh itu, kita menggesa peniaga telur di negeri ini untuk berniaga secara jujur dan tidak mengambil sebarang kesempatan,” jelasnya.



TELUR omega dan telur ayam standard sukar dibezakan dengan mata kasar. – GAMBAR HIASAN

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT
Sinar Harian	Negeri	24

Pengeluaran ayam, itik dan telur stabil

Tahap pengeluaran komoditi tersebut melebihi kadar sara diri negeri

Oleh SAIFULLAH AHMAD
IPOH

Pengeluaran daging ayam, itik dan telur ayam di negeri Perak stabil, malah tahap pengeluaran bagi komoditi tersebut juga melebihi kadar sara diri negeri bagi tempoh lima tahun berturut-turut.

Exco Pembangunan Luar Bandar, Perladangan, Pertanian dan Industri Makanan Perak, Datuk Mohd Zolkafly Harun berkata, bagi tahun 2022, pengeluaran daging ayam serta itik di negeri itu berjumlah 372,825 tan metrik.

Menurutnya, pengeluaran telur pula berjumlah 2.083 bilion biji dan jumlah itu dapat menampung keperluan rakyat di negeri perak.

"Bagi menjamin pengeluaran komoditi daging dan telur, Jabatan Perkhidmatan Veterinar menjalankan aktiviti kawalan penyakit ternakan melalui Program Survelan Penyakit Haiwan Kebangsaan bagi memastikan rebakan wabak penyakit sentiasa ter-



FOTO: URUS SETIA DEWAN NEGERI PERAK

Mohd Zolkafly (kanan) menjawab soalan tambahan dalam sesi soalan lisan semasa Sidang DUN Perak pada Isnin.

SIDANG DUN PERAK

kawal.

"Selain itu, penguatkuasaan undang-undang juga dijalankan secara berterusan bagi memastikan industri penternakan mematuhi peraturan yang ditetapkan," katanya ketika menjawab soalan tambahan **M Thulsi Thivan (PH-Buntong)** semasa Sidang Dewan Undangan Negeri (DUN) Perak pada Isnin.

Tambah Mohd Zolkafly, bagi meningkatkan keterjaminan sekuriti makanan, kerajaan negeri melalui Jabatan Pertanian Negeri Perak memberi tumpuan kepada memperkasakan

amalan pertanian baik dan penanaman secara moden.

Jelas beliau, Jabatan Pertanian juga telah mengaplikasikan tiga teknologi pertanian moden di peringkat lapangan iaitu penggunaan teknologi *Internet of Things* (IoT), struktur pelindung hujan (SPH) dan inovasi *veggie factory* atau kilang sayur.

Menurutnya, dengan teknologi yang diperkenalkan itu, kerajaan negeri berharap ia dapat membantu meningkatkan hasil produktiviti tanaman di dalam kawasan terhad, khususnya tanaman sayuran dengan hasil yang berkualiti tinggi dan bebas bahan racun makhluk perosak.

Show compassion to stray dogs

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT
Star	Views	15

Show compassion to stray dogs

WHERE stray dogs are concerned, it's never enough what the NGOs and independent rescuers are doing.

These heroes, who tirelessly devote their time, effort and financial resources to help and rescue strays, are overwhelmed.

Animal shelters are also overcrowded.

The life of strays is unimaginable. So many either die of poisoning, or they're run over by motor vehicles.

When they are deemed as nuisance, people complain to their local authorities – and that's it for these poor animals! It frightens me whenever I see a Klang Municipal Council (MPK) van entering my housing area.

There are more dogs being abandoned than adopted.

These poor desperate animals run for shelter from both the scorching heat and pouring rain.

When they are hungry, they rummage through rubbish.

But they are either harassed, abused or chased away when they seek shelter at shop lots or in residential areas.

They are easy targets for people to hurt because they don't belong to anyone.

It's even more distressing for recently abandoned dogs who do not know how to survive in the open. Most look lost and confused without their owners' to care for them.

Whatever the reasons, it is inhumane of people to abandon their dog, which thinks of them as its family. Don't these people have a shred of compassion in them?

How are we going to lessen the sufferings of these stray dogs?

How can we tackle this issue once and for all?

If there is no lasting solution to



Have a care: People need to be educated to tolerate these animals, which have a right to life just like humans.

this problem, the strays are just going to multiply uncontrollably.

One thing seems sure – the local councils' approach and strategy over these past years have failed in managing the population of strays. Catching and putting them down isn't going to solve the problem.

I would suggest firstly, that all pet stores be banned from selling puppies, and dog-breeding should be monitored.

Only then will the "adopt, don't shop" approach work.

Secondly, owners must sterilise their dogs to prevent unwanted litters. This will solve half the problem.

But getting pets neutered is not cheap, so it would help if the gov-

ernment could organise subsidised neutering programmes.

There are many people who breed cute dogs to sell and earn good profits from the enterprise.

Their activities need to be monitored by the relevant authorities. People buy cute puppies, but when the animals grow up to be not as nice looking, they may be abandoned by their irresponsible owners.

Why can't the local councils and authorities work with NGOs to come up with more effective ways to deal with strays?

Please look at other countries to see good practices to deal with the problem.

The root cause of the stray problem is humans themselves.

If we don't have compassion for other human beings, how can we be compassionate towards animals?

Inculcating love for dogs is also more difficult in Malaysia because the majority of the population consider these animals as *haram* or impure.

People need to be educated to tolerate strays. Start with the children; teach them not to harm these animals. Put up banners to tell people to leave them alone. The strays have a right to life just like us humans. All they want is food and shelter. They are frightened and actually fear us.

JANE
Klang

Pemandu lori didenda RM5,000 seludup 100 ekor kambing

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT
Sinar Harian	Online	-

Pemandu lori didenda RM5,000 seludup 100 ekor kambing

oleh NORHASPIDA YATIM22 Mei 2023 11:11amMasa
membaca: 2 minit



KUALA TERENGGANU - Tindakan seorang pemandu lori menyeludup 100 ekor kambing mengundang padah apabila dia didenda RM5,000 oleh Mahkamah Majistret di sini pada Isnin.

Tertuduh, Wan Mohamad Aizat Wan Ismail, 23, mengaku bersalah setelah pertuduhan ke atasnya dibacakan dihadapan Majistret Norlina Maludin.

Berdasarkan pertuduhan, tertuduh didakwa melakukan kesalahan itu di Jalan Kemajuan, Bandar Baru di sini kira-kira jam 8.50 pada 27 September tahun lalu.

Tindakan itu dilakukan tanpa kebenaran bertulis yang sah daripada Pengarah Perkhidmatan Veterinar Negeri Terengganu atau mana-mana pihak berkuasa veterinar yang diberi kuasa.

Tertuduh didakwa melakukan kesalahan di bawah Perenggan i (b) Perintah Menteri Besar bagi Kawalan Penyakit Kuku Dan Mulut Dan Hawar Berdarah bagi Negeri Terengganu yang mana diwartakan di bawah Subseksyen 36 (1) Akta Binatang 1953.

Jika sabit kesalahan tertuduh boleh di hukum di bawah Subseksyen 36 (7) Akta Binatang 1953 yang memperuntukkan hukuman denda tidak melebihi RM15,000.

Tertuduh berdepan hukuman penjara lima bulan sekiranya gagal menjelaskan denda tersebut.

Mahkamah turut memerintahkan hasil jualan ternakan bernilai RM 35,070 dilucuthak dan menjadi hasil kerajaan sementara lori yang digunakan dikembalikan kepada pemilik.

Pendakwaan kes itu dikendalikan Pegawai Pendakwa Jabatan Perkhidmatan Veterinar, Mohd Shahihan Mohd Tahar dan Fazlizan Ishak Khan.

Berdasarkan fakta kes, sepasukan penguatkuasa Jabatan Perkhidmatan Veterinar Terengganu telah menahan sebuah lori dalam keadaan tertutup rapat dengan kanvas coklat di bahagian belakang lori disyaki membawa ternakan dari arah Kampung Beting Lintang, Besut.

Hasil pemeriksaan pada bahagian kenderaan itu mendapati terdapat 100 ekor kambing yang dipercayai diseludup dari Thailand berada di bahagian belakang lori berkenaan.